# Pathway to U.S. Citizenship

For an adult immigrant to become a U.S. citizen, he or she must go through the process of naturalization. GENERAL requirements for naturalization call for the immigrant to:

Take an oath of allegiance to the **United States**  **Be** at least 18 years old at the time of filing the Application for **Naturalization (Form N-400)** 

Be a lawfully admitted permanent resident of the United States

of U.S. history, government, and civic principles

**Demonstrate a basic knowledge** Million

At the time of filing the application, have been a permanent resident in the **United States for at least** 5 years (or for at least 3 years if you meet all eligibility requirements to file as a spouse of a **United States citizen)** 

**Demonstrate an ability to** read, write, speak, and understand basic English



Receive a **Certificate of Naturalization** 



**Have demonstrated** continuous permanent residence

**Demonstrate an attachment** to the principles and ideals of the U.S. Constitution

> **Have demonstrated** good moral character



**Have lived within the State or** 

**USCIS** District for at least

3 months prior to filing



★ Form N-400: uscis.gov/n-400

★ Learn more about specific eligibility requirements for naturalization: uscis.gov/citizenship

### **Prepare for the Naturalization Test**

What should I expect at my naturalization

# interview?

At your naturalization interview, you will be required to answer

questions about your application and background. A USCIS Officer will test your ability to read, write, speak, and understand English (unless you are exempt from the English requirements). You will also be given a civics test in English to test your knowledge and understanding of U.S. history and government.

You will be given two opportunities to take the English and civics tests and to answer all questions relating to your Form N-400, Application for Naturalization,

in English. If you fail any of the tests during your initial interview, you will be retested on the portion of the test that you failed (English or civics) between 60 and 90 days from the date of your initial interview.

Applicants who are age 65 or older and have been a permanent resident for at least 20 years at the time of filing Form N-400, Application for Naturalization, are only required to study 20 of the 100 civics test questions for the naturalization test. These questions are flagged with an asterisk (\*) in this brochure.

For information on exceptions or modifications to the English and civics requirements for naturalization, see "Exceptions and Accommodations" available at uscis.gov/citizenship.

### **Study Materials for the Naturalization Test**

### What study materials are available and how can I find English language, civics, and/or citizenship classes?

The USCIS Office of Citizenship has developed a variety of study materials for the naturalization test. These materials include Civics Flash Cards, Vocabulary Flash Cards, Learn About the United States: Quick Civics Lessons, The USCIS Naturalization Interview and Test video, and translated versions of the 100 civics (history and government) questions and answers. All materials are available on the Citizenship Resource Center at uscis.gov/citizenship.

- Learn About the United States: Quick Civics Lessons As you prepare for U.S. citizenship, this resource will help you study for the civics and English portions of the naturalization test. Learn About the United States contains short lessons based on each of the 100 civics (history and government) questions and answers.
- Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test Another option to help you study is the Civics Flash Cards. With historical photos and informative captions, the Civics
- Flash Cards cover each of the 100 civics (history and government) questions and answers. Vocabulary Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test These easy-to-use flash cards contain vocabulary words to
- The USCIS Naturalization Interview and Test This video provides an overview of the naturalization process including eligibility requirements, the application process, the naturalization interview, and the naturalization test.

help you study for the English reading and writing portions

of the naturalization test.

### **Other Helpful USCIS Resources**



USCIS offers a number of resources to help you find information on eligibility and testing requirements, the application process, and study materials. You can also learn more about citizenship rights and responsibilities and find a free

information session in your area.

### U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) The government agency that oversees lawful immigration to

the United States. Visit this website for information related to immigration.

uscis.gov

uscis.gov/n-400

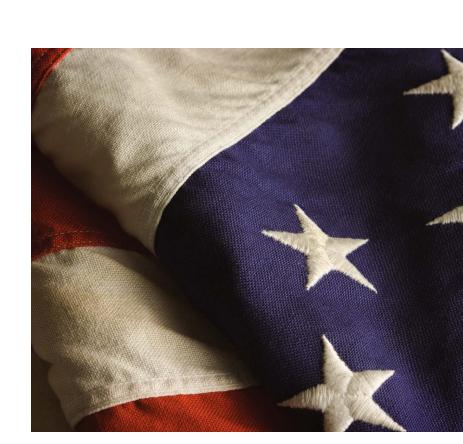
### **Citizenship Resource Center**

Provides learners, teachers, and organizations with a one-stop resource for locating citizenship preparation materials. uscis.gov/citizenship

Form N-400, Application for Naturalization Submit this form to apply for U.S. citizenship.

### **Naturalization Information Sessions**

USCIS regularly holds free information sessions for the public on naturalization eligibility requirements, the naturalization process, and the naturalization test. Find a session in your area: uscis.gov/citizenshipsessions



## The Naturalization Test

Overview of Requirements and **Available Resources** 





# e Naturalization Test Components of th

### Each writing test administered to an applicant contains no more than 3 sentences. Applicants must write 1 out of 3 sentences correctly in order to demonstrate an ability to write in English. To help applicants prepare, USCIS provides a writing vocabulary list containing all the words found in the English writing portion of the test. The content focuses on civics and history topics. Writing Vocabulary Columbus Day Independence Memorial Day Thanksgiving Presidents' (FUNCTION) is/was/be lives/lived Labor Day Writing have/has HOLIDAYS Flag Day meets during **Test** • come OTHER VERBS elect want here • vote Day and can pay • on • the • for • of <u>.</u> United States WashingtonWashington, state/states White House Washington Our Country SeptemberOctober freedom of November American Indians Congress President California Delaware New York Senators Father of Civil War February citizens Canada MONTHS Adams speech Lincoln PEOPLE capital **PLACES** Alaska Mexico CIVICS right June May flag City · July Each reading test administered to an applicant contains no more than 3 sentences. Applicants must read 1 out of 3 sentences correctly to demonstrate an ability to read in English. To help applicants prepare, USCIS provides a reading vocabulary list containing all the words found in the English reading portion of the test. The content focuses on civics and history topics. **OTHER (FUNCTION)** OTHER (CONTENT) **QUESTION WORDS** is/are/was/be Reading Vocabulary lives/livedmeet **English Test** electshave/has dollar bill do/does largestmany Reading people • When • Where second · colors south What name • north VERBS • come • most want · Who here • Why vote • one first **Test** can pay the • for We • 0n of to <u>\_</u> American flagBill of Rights Columbus Day Flag Day Independence **United States** Memorial Day state/statesWhite House Thanksgiving Father of Our government Washington Presidents' Labor Day Congress President Senators HOLIDAYS Abraham Country America Lincoln country George capital PEOPLE **PLACES** citizen CIVICS right Day • U.S. city for 20 or more years, you may study only the questions that have been marked permanent resident of the United States \*If you are 65 or older and have been a An applicant's ability to speak English will be determined by the USCIS Officer from the applicant's answers to questions normally asked during the eligibility interview on Form N-400, Application for Naturalization. Speaking Naturalization Test **Oral Test** with an asterisk. What did Martin Luther King, Jr. do?\* What major event happened on September 11, 2001, in the United States? Name one American Indian tribe in the United Name <u>one</u> war fought by the United States in the 1800s. Name <u>one</u> war fought by the United States in the 1900s.\* • Who wrote the Declaration of Independence? • What territory did the United States buy from France in 1803? What did the Emancipation Proclamation do? What was <u>one</u> important thing that Abraham Lincoln did?\* • Name one problem that led to the Civil War. • Before he was President, Eisenhower was a general. What war was he in? When was the Declaration of Independence There were 13 original states. Name three. The Federalist Papers supported the passs of the U.S. Constitution. Name <u>one</u> of the • During the Cold War, what was the main concern of the United States? Who was President during World War I? Who was President during the Great Depression and World War II? Why did the colonists fight the British? **American History** Name the U.S. war between the North C: Recent American History and Other Important Historical Information • What happened at the Constitutional Convention? What is <u>one</u> thing Benjamin Franklin is famous for? • Who is the "Father of Our Country"? When was the Constitution written? A: Colonial Period and Independence What is <u>one</u> reason colonists came What movement tried to end racial What group of people was taken to America and sold as slaves? Who lived in America before the What did Susan B. Anthony do? Who did the United States fight Who was the first President?\* in World War II? and the South. adopted? B: 1800s writers. What do we show loyalty to when we say the Pledge • Under our Constitution, some powers belong to the states. What is <u>one</u> power of the states? What is <u>one</u> promise you make when you become a United States citizen? Under our Constitution, some powers belong to the federal government. What is <u>one</u> power of the federal government? • What are two ways that Americans can participate in their democracy? • What is the political party of the President now? • What is the name of the Speaker of the House of An applicant will be asked up to 10 questions from the list below. Applicants must answer correctly When do we celebrate Independence Day?\* There are four amendments to the Constitution about who can vote. Describe one of them. six of the 10 questions to pass What is the name of the national anthem? What is the capital of the United States?\* Name <u>one</u> right only for United States citizens. • Name <u>one</u> of the two longest rivers in the United States. Who is the Chief Justice of the United States When is the last day you can send in federal income tax forms?\* What are two rights of everyone living in the United States? **Test** Integrated Civics Name <u>one</u> state that borders Canada. Name <u>one</u> state that borders Mexico. What is <u>one</u> responsibility that is only for United States citizens?\* How old do citizens have to be to vote for President?\* Why does the flag have 13 stripes?Why does the flag have 50 stars?\* - What are the $\underline{\mathsf{two}}$ major political parties in the United $\mathsf{States}\xspace^*$ Who is the Governor of your state now? What ocean is on the West Coast of the United States? What ocean is on the East Coast of the United States? Name two national U.S. holidays. the civics test. Where is the Statue of Liberty? When must all men register for the Selective Service? What is the capital of your state?\* Civics • Name one U.S. territory. C: Rights and Responsibilities Representatives now? A: Geography C: Holidays B: Symbols of Allegiance? What is the name of the President of the United If both the President and the Vice President can no longer serve, who becomes President? Who is the Commander in Chief of the military? • What is the highest court in the United States? What did the Declaration of Independence do? What are the two parts of the U.S. Congress?\* Name <u>one</u> branch or part of the government.\* · What is the name of the Vice President of the We elect a U.S. Senator for how many years? The House of Representatives has how many voting members? **American Government** • What do we call the first ten amendments to the Constitution? We elect a President for how many years? Who is in charge of the executive branch? • The idea of self-government is in the first three words of the Constitution. What are In what month do we vote for President?\* • Who is one of your state's U.S. Senators • If the President can no longer serve, who • We elect a U.S. Representative for how many years? What does the President's Cabinet do? • What stops one branch of government from becoming too powerful? • What are two rights in the Declaration What are two Cabinet-level positions? What is the supreme law of the land? Who does a U.S. Senator represent? A: Principles of American Democracy Senators are there? • Why do some states have more Representatives than other states? What does the judicial branch do? What is <u>one</u> right or freedom from Who signs bills to become laws? What does the Constitution do? Name your U.S. Representative. • How many amendments does the Constitution have? What is the economic system in the United States?\* What is freedom of religion? What is the "rule of law"? Who makes federal laws? **B:** System of Government What is an amendment? the First Amendment?\* becomes President? United States now? Who vetoes bills? How many U.S. these words? States now?\*

(CONTENT)

blue

OTHER

dollar bill

fifty/50

first

largest

 north most

• one • one hundred/

second

south

taxeswhite

many justices are on the Supreme Court?

people

red

100